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An FTIR Spectrometer for Remote Measurements of Atmospheric Composition

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## Abstract

The JPL Mark IV interferometer, an infrared Michelson interferometer, was built specifically for recording high resolution solar absorption spectra from remote ground-based sites, aircraft and from stratospheric balloons. The instrument is double-passed, with one fixed and one moving corner reflector, allowing up to 200-cm of optical path difference (corresponding to an unapodised spectral resolution of 0.003 cm<sup>-1</sup>). The carriage which holds the moving reflector is driven by a flexible nut riding on a lead screw. This arrangement, together with the double-passed optical scheme, makes the instrument resistant to the effects of mechanical distortion and shock.

The spectral range of the instrument is covered by two liquid nitrogencooled detectors: an InSb photodiode is used for the shorter wavelengths  $(1.8-5.5~\mu\text{m},~1,800-5,500~\text{cm}^{-1})$  and a HgCdTe photoconductor for the range  $(5.5-15~\mu\text{m}~650-1,800~\text{cm}^{-1})$ . For a single spectrum of 0.01 cm<sup>-1</sup> resolution, which requires a scan time of 105 seconds, the signal/noise ratio is typically 800:1 over the entire wavelength range.